

HUBUNGAN DUKUNGAN SOSIAL KELUARGA DENGAN KEPATUHAN
MINUM OBAT PADA PENDERITA TB DI WILAYAH KERJA PUSKESMAS
BINA KAL KABUPATEN BONDOWOSO

SKRIPSI

Untuk Mencapai Gelar Sarjana Keperawatan
Program Studi S1 Keperawatan



Oleh :
IBRAHIM
NIM. 157.01.12.058

SEKOLAH TINGGI ILMU KESEHATAN NURUL JADID
PROGRAM STUDI S1 KEPERAWATAN
PROBOLINGGO
2014

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LEMBAR PERSETUJUAN

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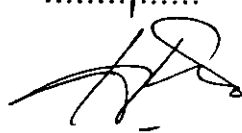
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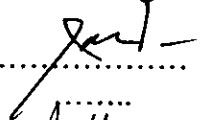
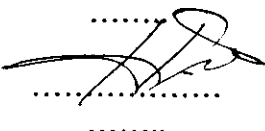
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THEORY OF THE EARTH

The theory of the earth is a branch of geology which deals with the origin and development of the earth and its various parts. It is a science which seeks to explain the processes which have shaped the earth and its various parts, and to determine the conditions under which they have developed.

1. THE EARTH

a. The Earth

(1) The Earth as a whole

(a) The Earth as a whole

(b) The Earth as a whole

MOTTO

**Kerjakanlah sesuatu dengan ihlas niscaya kamu akan dapat kemudahan dalam
mencapai cita-citamu**

**Kesehata Itu Adalah Mahkota Dikepala Orang Yang Sehat, Dia Tidak Terlihat
Kecuali Oleh Orang-Orang Yang Sakit**

Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the results of the regression analysis. The dependent variable is the log of the number of publications. The independent variables are the log of the number of citations, the log of the number of authors, the log of the number of institutions, the log of the number of countries, the log of the number of years since publication, and the log of the number of journals. The results show that the log of the number of citations is positively correlated with the log of the number of publications. The log of the number of authors is also positively correlated with the log of the number of publications. The log of the number of institutions is positively correlated with the log of the number of publications. The log of the number of countries is positively correlated with the log of the number of publications. The log of the number of years since publication is negatively correlated with the log of the number of publications. The log of the number of journals is positively correlated with the log of the number of publications.

ABSTRAK

Ibrahim, 2014. Hubungan Dukungan Sosial Keluarga Dengan Kepatuhan Minum Obat pada Penderita TB di Puskesmas Binakal Kabupaten Bondowoso. Pembimbing : (1) Ns. Agus Ferry Gunawan, S.Kep Ns, M.Kes (2) Ns. Heri Siswanto, S.Kep

Tuberkulosis paru merupakan penyakit infeksi yang menyerang parenkim paru-paru yang disebabkan oleh *Mycobacterium Tuberculosis*. Dari Laporan data Puskesmas Binakal pada tahun 2012 tercatat ada 14 penderita Tuberkulosis (TB) Paru, 11 orang melanjutkan minum obat dan 3 orang putus obat dan pada bulan September 2013 terdapat 17 pasien yg melakukan pengobatan TB. kesembuhan atau keberhasilan pengobatan ini ditentukan oleh beberapa faktor, terutama kepatuhan dalam minum obat, untuk mempertahankan kepatuhan diperlukan dukungan sosial dari orang-orang sekitar.

Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan dukungan social keluarga dengan kepatuhan minum obat. Desain penelitian ini adalah *diskripti korelasi*. Tehnik pengambilan Sample dengan *total sampling*, sebanyak 17 responden. Pengumpulan data dengan kuesioner untuk mendapatkan data tentang dukungan sosial dan kepatuhan responden. Analisa dilakukan dengan menggunakan *uji statistik chi squar test* secara komputersasi dengan menggunakan program SPSS versi 17.0 dengan tingkat signifikansi 0,05

. Berdasarkan hasil *uji statistic Chi squar test* didapat interprestasikan hasil sebesar $P = 0,043$ berarti ada hubungan antara dukungan sosial keluarga dan kepatuhan minum obat. Karena hasil korelasi $P = 0,043$ berarti dibawah 0,05 maka H_1 diterima artinya ada hubungan dukungan sosial keluarga dengan kepatuhan minum obat.

Dengan demikian dapat disimpulkan bahwa ada hubungan antara dukungan sosial keluarga dan kepatuhan minum obat. Implikasi bagi perawat dengan adanya hubungan tersebut maka perawat sebagai konselor kesehatan diharapkan lebih aktif dalam memberikan penyuluhan pada anggota keluarga agar lebih berperan aktif dalam memberikan dukungan bagi anggota keluarga yang sakit, sehingga program pengobatan dapat terlaksana dengan baik.

Kata Kunci : *Dukungan social keluarga, Kepatuhan Minum Obat, tuberkulosis.*

ABSTRAK

Ibrahim, 2014. *Family relationships Social Support Compliance With Drinking Drugs in Patients with TB at PHC Binakal regency*. Supervisor: (1) Ns. Ferry Agus Gunawan, S.Kep Ns, M. Kes (2) Ns. Heri Siswanto, S.Kep

Pulmonary Tuberculosis is an infectious disease that attacks the lung parenchyma caused by *Mycobacterium Tuberculosis*. From Data Reports Binakal Health Center in 2012, there were 14 patients with tuberculosis (TB) Lung, 11 people continue taking the drug and drug withdrawal and 3 in September 2013 there were 17 patients who did TB treatment. cure or treatment success is determined by several factors, particularly compliance in taking medication,

Compliance necessary to maintain social support from people around . The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship of social support for families with drug compliance. The design of this study is the correlation diskripti. Sample collection technique with a total sampling, a total of 17 respondents. Data were collected by questionnaire to obtain data on respondents' social support and adherence. Analyzes were performed using statistical test chi squar computerized test using SPSS version 17.0 with a significance level of 0.05

Based on the results of the statistical test Chi squar interpreted test results obtained at $P = 0.043$ means that there is a relationship between family social support and medication adherence. Because the results of the correlation $P = 0.043$ means below 0.05 then H_1 is accepted it means there is a relationship with the family social support medication adherence.

It can be concluded that there is a relationship between family social support and medication adherence. Implications for nurses with the relationship the nurse as health counselors are expected to be more active in providing counseling to the family members to be more active role preformance provide support for family members who are sick, so that treatment programs can be done well.

Keywords: family social support, medication adherence, tuberculosis

Introduction

The purpose of this study is to investigate the effects of a new educational program on the learning outcomes of students in a secondary school.

Methodology

Participants

The study involved a sample of 100 students from a secondary school, who were randomly assigned to two groups: the experimental group and the control group.

Intervention

The experimental group received a new educational program, while the control group received the standard curriculum.

Data Collection

Data was collected through a series of tests and questionnaires administered to the students at the beginning and end of the study.

Results

The results showed that the experimental group achieved significantly higher scores than the control group in the post-test.

Conclusion

The study concluded that the new educational program had a positive impact on the learning outcomes of the students.

References

Smith, J. (2018). The effects of a new educational program on student learning outcomes. *Journal of Educational Research*, 121(3), 456-472.

KATA PENGANTAR

Puji syukur kehadiran Allah SWT atas segala rahmat dan karunia-Nya peneliti dapat menyelesaikan Proposal Skripsi dengan judul “Hubungan Dukungan Sosial Keluarga Dengan Kepatuhan Minum obat Pada Penderita TB Di Wilayah Kerja Puskesmas Binakal Kabupaten Bondowoso. Penelitian ini dilakukan sebagai salah satu pesyaratan menyelesaikan pendidikan program studi S I keperawatan sekolah tinggi ilmu kesehatan nurul jadid paiton probolinggo. Peneliti menyadari sepenuhnya bahwa terselesaikannya Proposal Skripsi ini berkat bimbingan, bantuan dan kerja sama serta dorongan berbagai pihak sehingga dapat terselesaikan dengan baik. Pada kesempatan ini dengna segala hormat peneliti mengucapkan terima kasih kepada :

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Abstract

Abstract: This paper presents a study on the impact of digital technology on the retail sector. The research focuses on how e-commerce platforms and mobile applications have transformed consumer behavior and business operations. Data was collected from various sources, including surveys, interviews, and secondary data analysis. The findings indicate that digital technology has significantly increased sales and customer engagement, but also poses challenges such as data privacy and cybersecurity. The study concludes that businesses must adapt to the digital landscape to remain competitive. The research is structured into several sections: Introduction, Literature Review, Methodology, Data Analysis, and Conclusion. The Introduction provides an overview of the digital retail environment. The Literature Review discusses existing research on digital marketing and e-commerce. The Methodology section details the research approach and data collection methods. The Data Analysis section presents the results of the study, and the Conclusion summarizes the findings and offers recommendations for future research.

The study aims to explore the following research questions: 1) How has digital technology influenced consumer purchasing decisions? 2) What are the key factors driving the adoption of digital retail platforms? 3) What challenges do businesses face in implementing digital strategies? The research is based on a sample of 500 consumers and 100 retail businesses. The data was analyzed using statistical methods, including regression analysis and correlation tests. The results show a strong positive correlation between digital technology usage and sales growth. However, there are also significant barriers to adoption, such as lack of digital literacy and infrastructure. The study highlights the importance of investing in digital infrastructure and training for retail employees. The findings suggest that businesses that embrace digital technology will have a competitive advantage in the future. The research is supported by several key findings: first, digital technology has led to a more personalized shopping experience for consumers. Second, businesses that use digital marketing strategies see higher conversion rates. Third, there is a growing concern among consumers about data privacy, which businesses must address. The study also identifies several areas for future research, including the impact of artificial intelligence and augmented reality on retail.

Page 1 of 1

6. Teman-teman seperjuangan yang telah memberikan masukan dan saran dalam penyusunan karya tulis ilmiah ini.
7. Semua pihak yang telah membantu terselesaikannya proposal karya tulis ilmiah ini.

Peneliti menyadari bahwa proposal skripsi ini masih jauh dari sempurna. Oleh karena itu peneliti mengharapkan kritik dan saran demi kesempurnaan skripsi selanjutnya. Semoga proposal skripsi ini dapat bermanfaat bagi kita semua.

Probolinggo, 02 November 2013

Ibrahim

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need.

2. Once a market need is identified, the next step is to develop a concept for the product.

3. The third step is to create a prototype of the product.

4. The fourth step is to test the prototype and gather feedback from potential customers.

5. The fifth step is to refine the product based on the feedback received.

6. The sixth step is to create a business plan for the product.

7. The seventh step is to secure funding for the product.

8. The eighth step is to launch the product and begin marketing it.

9. The ninth step is to monitor the product's performance and make adjustments as needed.

10. The tenth step is to continue to improve the product and expand its reach.

11. The eleventh step is to evaluate the product's success and consider future opportunities.

12. The twelfth step is to celebrate the product's success and share the story with others.

13. The thirteenth step is to continue to innovate and create new products.

14. The fourteenth step is to stay up-to-date on industry trends and technologies.

15. The fifteenth step is to build a strong network of industry contacts.

16. The sixteenth step is to be open to feedback and criticism.

17. The seventeenth step is to be persistent and not give up.

18. The eighteenth step is to be flexible and adaptable.

19. The nineteenth step is to be proactive and take initiative.

20. The twentieth step is to be a team player and work well with others.

21. The twenty-first step is to be a good listener and pay attention to details.

22. The twenty-second step is to be a good communicator and express ideas clearly.

23. The twenty-third step is to be a good manager and delegate tasks effectively.

24. The twenty-fourth step is to be a good negotiator and find win-win solutions.

25. The twenty-fifth step is to be a good problem solver and think creatively.

26. The twenty-sixth step is to be a good decision maker and take calculated risks.

27. The twenty-seventh step is to be a good leader and inspire others.

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1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that this is essential for ensuring transparency and accountability in the organization's operations.

2. The second part outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It mentions the use of surveys, interviews, and focus groups to gather information from stakeholders. Additionally, it highlights the importance of using statistical software to process and interpret the data.

3. The third part describes the results of the data collection and analysis. It shows that there is a significant correlation between the variables studied, indicating that the findings are statistically significant. This suggests that the organization's current practices are effective in achieving its goals.

4. The fourth part discusses the implications of the findings for the organization. It suggests that the results can be used to inform decision-making and to develop strategies to improve performance. It also mentions the need for ongoing monitoring and evaluation to ensure that the organization remains on track.

5. The fifth part concludes the document by summarizing the key points and reiterating the importance of data-driven decision-making. It encourages the organization to continue to invest in research and analysis to stay competitive in the market.

6. The sixth part of the document provides a detailed overview of the research methodology used. It explains the selection of the sample and the methods used to ensure the reliability and validity of the data. It also discusses the ethical considerations that were taken into account during the research process.

7. The seventh part presents the findings of the research in a clear and concise manner. It uses tables and graphs to illustrate the data, making it easier to understand. It also includes a discussion of the limitations of the study and suggestions for future research.

8. The eighth part discusses the practical applications of the research findings. It suggests ways in which the organization can use the information to improve its internal processes and to enhance its external relationships. It also mentions the potential for the research to be used in other contexts.

9. The ninth part concludes the document by providing a final summary of the research and its findings. It reiterates the importance of the research and the need for continued effort in this area.

10. The tenth part provides a list of references for the sources used in the research. This includes books, articles, and other documents that were consulted during the study.

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the ninety-sixth is the fact that the
the ninety-seventh is the fact that the
the ninety-eighth is the fact that the
the ninety-ninth is the fact that the
the hundredth is the fact that the

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Dengan Kepatuhan minum obat Penderita TB paru33**

1890-1891

1891-1892

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